

# Competition Care<sup>®</sup>

## FREE FULL LENGTH TEST-7

1. Who among the following were the members of the drafting committee of the Constitution?

- a) Vallabhbhai Patel
- b) Jawaharlal Nehru
- c) Alladi Krishnaswami Aiyar
- d) Rajendra Prasad

Answer:-c,

Explanation:-The members of the Drafting committee were Dr B R Ambedkar (Chairman), Krishnaswamy Aiyar, Dr K M Munshi, N Gopaldaswamy Aiyanger, Syed Mohammad Saadullah, B L Mitter and D P Khaitan. Later in place of Mitter and Khaitan new members, N Madhava Rau and T T Krishnamachari joined the committee as members.

2. Indian federal structure is inspired by which model of the countries given below?

- a) USA
- b) Canada
- c) Switzerland
- d) Russia

Answer:-(b)

Explanation:-Federal structure of government in Indian constitution is taken from 'Canadian constitution'. Charter of fundamental rights, power of Judicial review and independence of Judiciary, written constitution and preamble are taken from USA. Fundamental duties and five year planning are taken from Russia.

3. India has borrowed the concept of Fundamental Rights from the Constitution of

- a) UK
- b) USA
- c) Russia
- d) Ireland

Answer:-(b)

Explanation:- The concept of fundamental rights is borrowed from USA. Directive Principles of state policy, method of election of the President, nomination of members in the Rajya Sabha by the President are taken from Irish Constitution.

4. Which one of the following is not a part of the 'basic structure' of the Indian Constitution ?

- a) Rule of law
- b) Secularism
- c) Republican form of government
- d) Parliamentary form of government

Answer:-c,

Explanation:-Republican form of government is not a part of the 'basic structure' of Indian constitution. India is a Democratic republic country. Parliamentary form of government means Prime Minister is the head of the council of ministers.

5. Which of the following is/are contribution/s of Brahma Samaj?

- i. It denounced polytheism, idol worship, and the faith in divine avatars(incarnations).
- ii. It condemned the caste system, dogmas and superstitions.
- iii. It supported widow remarriage.

Choose the correct answer from below given codes:

- a) i only
- b) i and ii only
- c) ii and iii only
- d) i, ii and iii

ANS: d

Explanation: The overall contribution of Brahmo Samaj can be summed up as follows

- It denounced polytheism, idol worship, and the faith in divine avatars (incarnations)
- It condemned the caste system, dogmas and superstitions.
- It wanted the abolition of child marriage, purdah system and the practice of sati
- It supported widow remarriage

6. Which of the following state has unveiled Asia's first drone delivery hub?

- a) Tamil Nadu
- b) Punjab
- c) Meghalaya
- d) Assam

Answer:-c

Explanation: Asia's first drone delivery hub was unveiled by Meghalaya government in partnership with startup TechEagle. It aims to deliver vital supplies like drugs, diagnostic samples, vaccines quickly and safely to different regions of state using a dedicated drone delivery network.

7. Which of the following is the India's first indigenously designed and built aircraft carrier?

- a) INS Aditya
- b) INS Vikramditya
- c) INS Vikrant
- d) INS Trishul

Answer:c

Explanation: Vikrant is the largest warship ever been built in the maritime history of India. It is also the first indigenously designed and built aircraft carrier for Indian Navy. It is designed by Indian Navy's in-house Warship Design Bureau (WDB) and built by Cochin Shipyard Limited, a Public Sector Shipyard under Ministry of Ports, Shipping & Waterways.

8. With regard to the Western Himalayas and the Eastern Himalayas, consider the following statements.

- i. The ranges of the Eastern Himalayas are more continuous compared to WesternHimalayas.
- ii. The Western Himalayas receive most of the precipitation in the winter months and the Eastern Himalayas in the summer months.
- iii. Eastern Himalayas are much greener and dense compared to Western Himalayas.

Choose the correct answer using the codes below.

- a) i and ii only
- b) ii and iii only
- c) i and iii only
- d) All of the above

Answer:-b.

9. Consider the following statements about the Western and Eastern Ghats.
- i. Western Ghats are comparatively higher in elevation than Eastern ghats.
  - ii. Western Ghats are more continuous than the Eastern Ghats as the latter is eroded by several east flowing rivers.
  - iii. The Eastern and the Western Ghats meet each other at the Nilgiri hills.

Choose the correct answer using the codes below.

- a) i and ii only
- b) ii and iii only
- c) i and iii only
- d) All of the above

Answer:-d.

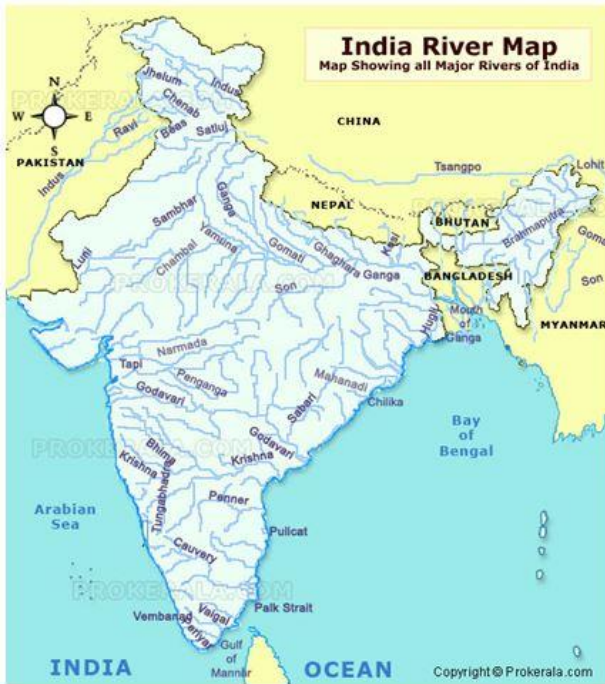
10. Consider the following rivers

- i. Krishna
- ii. Kaveri
- iii. Godavari
- iv. Penganga

The correct sequence of these rivers when arranged from south to north is

- a) ii, i,iii and iv
- b) i,ii,iii and iv
- c) i, iii, iv and ii
- d) iii, ii, i and iv

Answer:-a.



11. Given are the Indian Rivers and corresponding National Parks

- i. Lohit- Orang National Park
- ii. Chambal -Rajaji National Park
- iii. Narmada- Kanha National Park

Select the correct match

- a) Only ii
- b) i and iii
- c) Only iii
- d) i, ii and iii

Answer:-c.

Explanation:-

Orang National Park is located on the northern bank of the Brahmaputra River in the Darrang and Sonitpur districts of Assam, India. The park is surrounded by several

rivers, including the Pachnoi river, Belsiri river and Dhanshiri River. These rivers border the park and join the Brahmaputra.

12. Which of the following Rivers does not pass through Tropic of Cancer?

- a) Sabarmati
- b) Mahi
- c) Damodar
- d) Luni

Answer:-d

Explanation:-

The Mahi River is the only river in India that crosses the Tropic of Cancer twice. It rises in Madhya Pradesh and flows into the Arabian Sea after passing through the states of Madhya Pradesh, Rajasthan, and Gujarat. The Congo River in Africa is the only river to cross the equator twice in Africa.

13. Imagine you are travelling from New Delhi towards North. If you go vertically upwards towards Jammu and Kashmir, select the correct sequence in which you will cross these rivers

- a) Ravi-Beas-Ravi-Satluj-Jhelum
- b) Satluj-Beas-Ravi-Chenab-Indus
- c) Satluj-Beas-Ravi-Chenab-Jhelum
- d) Ravi-Beas-Ravi-Satluj-Indus

Answer:-b.

14. Khadar soils are preferred over Bhangar soils for crop cultivation because

- i. Khadar soil are composed of fine particles than that of Bhangar soil.
- ii. Bhangar soils lack in kankar nodules.

Choose the correct reason from the codes below.

- a) i only.
- b) ii only.
- c) Both i and ii
- d) None of the above.

Answer:-a.

**Explanation:-**

Khadar soils are preferred over Bhangar soils for crop cultivation due to several factors:

- Texture: Khadar soils are composed of fine particles, while Bhangar soils have a rougher texture and clayey composition.
- Fertility: Khadar soils are highly fertile due to their high organic matter content, derived from the decomposition of plant material carried by water and deposited in the soil. In contrast, Bhangar soils are less fertile.
- Water retention: Khadar soils are more fertile because they are situated below the flood level, which allows them to retain more water and nutrients. Bhangar soils, being above the flood level, have less water retention capacity.

15. Name the country that has recently unveiled Mohajer-10, the new domestically built attack drone (unmanned combat aerial vehicle – UCAV).

- a) United Arab Emirates
- b) Israel
- c) Indonesia
- d) Iran

Answer:-d.



16. In which city India's 1st Solar City was inaugurated in September 2023?

- a) Chandrapur, Maharashtra
- b) Tuni, Andhra Pradesh
- c) Churu, Rajasthan
- d) Sanchi, Madhya Pradesh

Answer:-d.

17. In the northern hemisphere, the longest day of the year normally occurs in the:

- a) First half of the month of June
- b) Second half of the month of June
- c) First half of the month of July
- d) Second half of the month of July

Answer:-b.

Explanation:-

The longest day of the year in the Northern Hemisphere normally occurs during the summer solstice, which typically falls on June 21st. During this time, the Northern Hemisphere receives the most daylight hours and the shortest night of the year. The summer solstice is the moment when the Sun is directly above the Tropic of Cancer, which is the northernmost latitude it reaches during the year.

18. With references to India, Didwana, Kuchaman, Sargol and khatu are the names of

- a) Glaciers
- b) Mangrove areas
- c) Ramsar sites
- d) Saline lakes

Answer:-d.

Explanation:-

Didwana, Kuchaman, Sargol, and Khatu are saline lakes located in the state of Rajasthan, India. These lakes are known for their high concentration of salinity and unique ecosystems.

19. Consider the following Rivers:

- i. Brahmani
- ii. Nagavali
- iii. Subarnarekha
- iv. Vamsadhara

Which of the above rise from the Eastern Ghats?

- a) i and ii
- b) ii and iv
- c) iii and iv
- d) i and iii

Answer:-b.

Explanation:-

The names of some of the major rivers originating from the Eastern Ghats are as follows:

- Baitarni river
- Vamsadhara River
- Palar River
- Champavati River
- Sharda River
- Vellar River

20. Among the following, which one is the least water-efficient crop?

- a) Sugarcane
- b) Sunflower
- c) Pearl millet
- d) Red gram

Answer:-a.

Explanation:-

Sugarcane is considered the least water-efficient crop in India, requiring 1800-2200 mm/season of water.

21. In which one of the following regions is extensive commercial grain cultivation not practised?

- a) European Steppes
- b) Pampas of Argentina
- c) Amazon Basin
- d) Yangtze Basin

Answer:-c.

22. Arrange the following continents in descending order in terms of population size:

- i. Asia
- ii. Europe
- iii. Latin America and the Caribbean
- iv. North America
- v. Africa

Select the correct options among the following

- a) i>ii>iii>iv>v
- b) i>iv>ii>v>iii
- c) iv>ii>i>iii>v
- d) i>v>ii>iii>iv

Answer:-d.

23. With reference to the solar system, which of the following statements is/are correct?

- i. Mars, Jupiter and Saturn are called Jovian planets.
- ii. The asteroid belt lies between Mars and Jupiter.

Select the correct answer using the codes given below:

- a) i only
- b) ii only
- c) Both i and ii
- d) Neither i nor ii

Answer:-b.

Explanation:-

Statement 1 is wrong. Jovian planets are a group of gas giants in the Solar System that include Jupiter, Saturn, Uranus, and Neptune.

24. As meteoroids come near the earth and tend to drop upon it, we often see a flash of light. This is caused due to

- a) Air induced friction borne by meteoroids
- b) Charged particle emission by meteoroids
- c) Destruction of ozone layer by meteoroids
- d) Ion exchange between Ionosphere and meteoroids

Answer:-a.

25. With reference to the "International Date line", which of the following statements is/are correct?

- i. It functions as a "line of demarcation".
- ii. It has no legal international status.
- iii. It is a straight line.

Select the correct answer using the codes given below:

- a) i only
- b) i and ii only
- c) ii and iii only
- d) iii only

Answer:-b.

Explanation:

- The International Date Line (IDL) is an imaginary line on Earth's surface that defines the boundary between two consecutive calendar dates.
- It is located at about 180° east (or west) and runs from the North Pole to the South Pole.
- The IDL is not defined by international law, but rather by national laws, and it is not straight but curves around landmasses and national borders

26. In which type of rocks, the action of carbonation occurs?

- a) sand rock
- b) limestone
- c) granite
- d) none of these

Answer:-b.

27. Which of the following rocks is not likely to contain fossils?

- a) conglomerate
- b) Granite
- c) Shale
- d) Sandstone

Answer:-b.

Explanation:

Sedimentary rocks are most likely to contain fossils. Mudstone, shale, and limestone are examples of sedimentary rocks that are likely to contain fossils

28. The earth as a whole neither accumulates heat nor loses it due to solar insolation because

- a) Circulation of magma inside the earth and primordial heat maintain the temperature of the earth.
- b) The earth in turn radiates back solar insolation received from the sun.
- c) Radioactive decay in the core regulates surface temperature.
- d) There is a strong conventional wind current blowing in the earth's atmosphere.

Answer:-b.

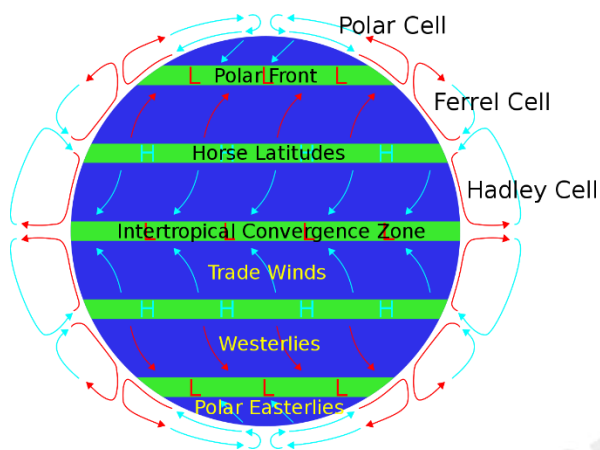
29. What are the horse latitudes?

- a) Subtropical regions known for calm winds and little precipitation
- b) Temperate regions known for intense cyclones
- c) Polar latitudes that are known for hosting the coldest currents on the planet
- d) Equatorial region that are famous for reverse currents

Answer:-a.

Explanation:

- The Horse Latitudes are regions located at about 30 degrees north and south of the equator, characterized by calm winds and little precipitation.
- The term "Horse Latitudes" is believed to have originated from the practice of throwing horses overboard from ships that were becalmed in these regions, due to a lack of drinking water for the crew.
- The Horse Latitudes are also known as subtropical ridges or highs and they are high-pressure areas at the divergence of trade winds and the westerlies.



30. Consider the following statements regarding the earthquake waves:

- P-waves are similar to sound waves and can travel through gaseous, liquid and solid materials.
- S waves travel through solid materials only.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- i only
- ii only
- Both i and ii
- Neither i nor ii

Answer:-c

31. If you were to give the correct North-south order of these European nations, would it be?

- i. Poland
- ii. Romania
- iii. Bulgaria
- iv. Czech Republic

Select the correct answer using the codes below.

- a) i,ii,iii,iv
- b) i,iv,ii,iii
- c) ii,iii,iv,i
- d) iii,ii,i,iv

Answer:-b.

32. Changthang Wildlife Sanctuary, recently seen in news is located in

- a) Chhattisgarh
- b) Ladakh
- c) West Bengal
- d) sikkim

Answer:-b.

33. With reference to Indo-Pacific Economic Forum (IPEF), consider the following statements:

- i. It was launched jointly by Russia and other partner countries of the Indo-Pacific region.
- ii. India, Australia and China are members of IPEF.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- a) i only



- b) ii only
- c) Both i and ii
- d) Neither i nor ii

Answer:-d.

**Explanation:-**

IPEF stands for Indo-Pacific Economic Framework, which is a partnership between the United States and several countries in the Indo-Pacific region. The IPEF was launched in May 2022 with the goal of advancing resilience, sustainability, inclusiveness, economic growth, fairness, and competitiveness for the economies of the participating countries. The Indo-Pacific Economic Framework (IPEF) includes 14 participating countries. These countries are: United States, Japan, Australia, New Zealand, Republic of Korea, India, Fiji, Brunei, Indonesia, Malaysia, Philippines, Singapore, Thailand and Vietnam.

34. Alliance of Small Island States (AOSIS) are particularly vulnerable to and mainly concerned with which of the following?

- a) Deep sea mineral exploitation
- b) Unsustainable tourism
- c) Rising Sea Level
- d) ship pollution

Answer:-c.

35. Which of the following is the only perennial river in Tamil Nadu?

- a) Bhavani River
- b) Pachaiyar River
- c) Thamirabarani River
- d) Vaigai River

Answer:-c.

36. Consider the following statements about Amit Brikshya Andolan.

- i. The Assam Government initiated the “Amrit Brikshya Andolan” campaign to enhance the state’s greenery by planting saplings, with a focus on commercial trees.
- ii. Accordingly, nine Guinness World Records were created in nine categories.

Select the incorrect codes.

- a) i only
- b) ii only
- c) Both i and ii
- d) Neither of them.

Answer:-d.

37. The Indian Standard Meridian does not pass through which of the following states?

- a) Uttar Pradesh
- b) Madhya Pradesh
- c) Rajasthan
- d) Chhattisgarh

Answer:-c.

Explanation:-

The Indian Standard Meridian passes through five states in India. These states are:

1. Uttar Pradesh
2. Madhya Pradesh
3. Chattisgarh
4. Odisha (also known as Orissa)
5. Andhra Pradesh

38. Which institution released the 'Trade and Development Report 2023'?

- a) WEF
- b) IMF
- c) NITI Aayog
- d) UNCTAD

Answer:-d.

Explanation:-

The Trade and Development Report 2023, released by the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD), analyzes current economic trends and major policy issues of international concern.

39. Thang Ta is the dance form of

- a) Manipur
- b) Assam
- c) Nagaland
- d) Sikkim

Answer:-a.

40. Which was the first Assamese children magazine?

- a) Lora Bondhu
- b) Maramor Deuta
- c) Bhaiti
- d) Xophura

Answer:-a.

41. Consider the following statements:

- i. Organization of Islamic Cooperation (OIC) is the world's second largest inter-governmental organization after the UN.
- ii. India is not a member of the OIC.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- a) i only
- b) ii only
- c) Both i and ii
- d) Neither i nor ii

Answer:-c.

Explanation:-

The Organisation of Islamic Cooperation (OIC), formerly known as the Organisation of the Islamic Conference, is the second-largest inter-governmental organization after the United Nations. Established in 1969 with its headquarters in Jeddah, Saudi Arabia, the OIC aims to represent the Muslim world to protect and safeguard the vital interests of security, harmony and inter-faith dialogue among various people of the world. The organization has a membership of 57 states spread over four continents

42. Who among the following is NOT part of G4 countries?

- a) Australia
- b) Germany
- c) Japan
- d) India

Answer:-a.

Explanation:-

The G4 countries, also known as the Group of Four, are Brazil, Germany, India, and Japan. They support each other's bids for permanent seats on the United Nations Security Council.

43. The "Gorumara National Park" is recently seen in news related to?

- a) Tamil Nadu
- b) West Bengal
- c) Assam
- d) Sikkim

Answer:-b.

44. Consider the following statements regarding "National Action for Mechanized Sanitation Ecosystem (NAMASTE)":

- i. It is a joint initiative of Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment and Ministry of Rural Development.
- ii. It is a Central sector scheme.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- a) i only
- b) ii only
- c) Both i and ii
- d) Neither i nor ii

Answer:-b.

Explanation:-

The NAMASTE (National Action for Mechanised Sanitation Ecosystem) scheme, formerly known as the Self Employment Scheme for Rehabilitation of Manual Scavengers (SRMS), is an initiative of the Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment, Government of India.

45. The "SMILE-75 Initiative" is recently seen in news related to?

- a) Sustainable farming
- b) Solar energy on roof tops
- c) Rehabilitation of persons engaged in begging
- d) Primary health care

Answer:-c.

46. Consider the following statements regarding "National Commission for Protection of Child Rights (NCPCR)":

- i. It was established by executive resolution.
- ii. Under the NCPCR, the child is defined as a person in the 0 to 18 years age group.

Which of the statements given above is/are NOT correct?

- a) i only
- b) ii only
- c) Both i and ii
- d) Neither i nor ii

Answer:-a.

Explanation:-

The National Commission for Protection of Child Rights (NCPCR) is an Indian statutory body established by an Act of Parliament, the Commission for Protection of Child Rights Act, 2005. The Commission works under the aegis of the Ministry of Women and Child Development, Government of India.

47. The "GOAL" programme is often seen in news related to?

- a) Tribal welfare
- b) Widow development
- c) Skill development hubs
- d) Space exploration

Answer:-a.

48. Which of the following is/are provision/s of "National Food Security Act (NFSA) 2013"?

- i. The Act entitles 35 kg of food grains per AAY Household per month.
- ii. Meal and maternity benefit of not less than Rs. 6,000 to pregnant women.
- iii. Meals for children up to 14 years of age.

How many of the statements given above are correct?

- a) Only one
- b) Only two
- c) Only three
- d) None

Answer:-c.

49. The term "MIIRA" is often seen in news related to?

- a) Millets
- b) Maize
- c) Paddy
- d) Mangroves

Answer:-a.

Explanation:-

The Millet International Initiative for Research and Awareness (MIIRA) is an initiative by India to promote the production and consumption of millets globally.

50. Consider the following statements:

- i. Grey water is defined as wastewater that is produced from household processes.
- ii. Grey water can contain harmful bacteria and even fecal matter that contaminates soil and groundwater.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- a) i only
- b) ii only
- c) Both i and ii
- d) Neither i nor ii

Answer:-c.

51. The “Lakhpati Didi initiative” is often seen in news related to?

- a) Ayushman Bharat scheme
- b) Self Help Groups
- c) Financial inclusion
- d) Zero budget farming

Answer:-b.

Explanation:-

The Lakhpati Didi Initiative is a significant effort launched by the Indian government to empower women in rural areas. The initiative was announced by the Prime Minister on Independence Day in 2023. The primary goal of the initiative is to encourage women to establish micro-enterprises and become economically self-sufficient.



52. Which of the following river(s) is/are left side tributaries of the Brahmaputra River?

- i. Dibang River
- ii. Subansiri River
- iii. Kopili River

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- a) i only
- b) ii only
- c) i and iii
- d) i, ii and iii

Answer:- c

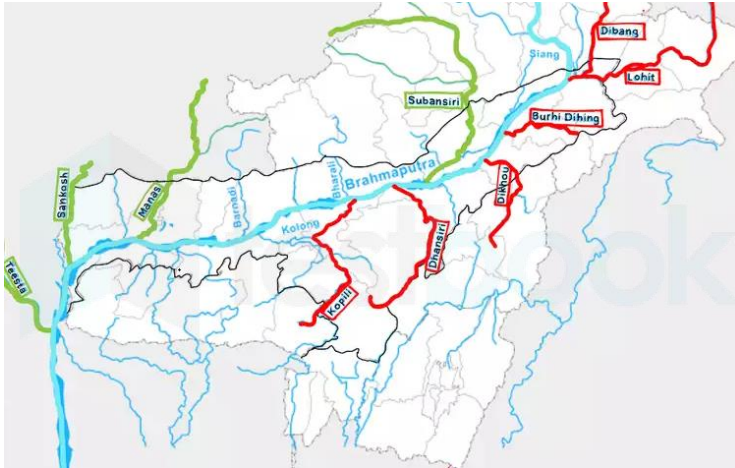
Explanation:-

The major left-bank tributaries of the Brahmaputra River include:

- Siang River: Originates in Tibet and is also known as Tsangpo.
- Lohit River: A significant tributary that joins the Brahmaputra in the northern part of the Assam Valley.
- Dibang River: Another major left side tributary that merges with the Brahmaputra in the Dibru-Garh Valley Plains
- Kopili River: A major left bank tributary in Northeast India, originating from the Saipong Reserve Forest.

The major right-bank tributaries of the Brahmaputra River include:

- Subansiri River: Originates in Tibet and flows through the Himalayas in India and Bhutan
- Manas River: A significant tributary that joins the Brahmaputra in Assam, India
- Sankosh River: A right-bank tributary that flows into the Brahmaputra in Assam, India
- Teesta River: One of the largest tributaries that joins the Brahmaputra in West Bengal, India.



53. Consider the following statements regarding the Majuli Island:

- i. Majuli Island is largest river island in world and first island district of the country.
- ii. It is formed by Brahmaputra River in south and Kherkutia Suti, another branch of Brahmaputra, joined by Dihang River in north.
- iii. The island is inhabited by Mising tribes, Deori and Sonowal Kachri tribes.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct? Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- a) i only
- b) ii only
- c) i and iii
- d) i, ii and iii

Answer:-c.

Explanation:-

The island is bounded by three important rivers:

- Kherkutia Suti: A branch of the Brahmaputra River
- Subansiri River: A tributary of the Brahmaputra River
- Brahmaputra River: The main river that forms the island's southern boundary

54. With reference to the sub-tropical high pressure belt, consider the following statements

- i. It is affected by Earth's rotation and descent of winds from higher altitudes
- ii. It dynamically induced and characterized with anti-cyclonic conditions.

Which of the statement/ statements given above is/are correct?

- a) Both i and ii
- b) i only
- c) ii only
- d) Neither i nor ii

Answer:-a.

55. Gulf of Aden, recently seen in the news, as a result of attack by the Houthi rebels on commercial ships in Red sea acts as a natural sea link between

- a) Red sea and Arabian Sea
- b) Red sea and Mediterrenian Sea
- c) Red sea and Black sea
- d) Red Sea and Aral sea.

Answer:-a.

Explanation:-

The Gulf of Aden is a deepwater gulf of the Indian Ocean located between Yemen on the north coast of the Arabian Peninsula and Somalia in Africa. It is a natural sea link between the Red Sea and the Arabian Sea and is about 550 miles (885 km) long.

The Gulf of Aden is an essential waterway for Persian Gulf oil, making it very important for the world economy.



56. Consider the following statements:

- i. Directorate of Geology & Mining is engaged in minerals exploration in the state of Assam.
- ii. There are total five oil refineries in Assam.
- iii. In 1860, first oil was drilled in Assam.
- iv. Digboi is the oldest oil producing field of India.

Which of the statement/ statements given above is/are correct?

- a) i and ii
- b) i only
- c) ii only
- d) i and iv

Answer:-d.

Explanation:-

There are four oil refineries in Assam, India. They are:

Digboi Refinery, Guwahati Refinery, Bongaigaon Refinery & Numaligarh Refinery.

Hence, statement 2 is incorrect.

The first oil well in Assam was dug in 1866 at Nahorpung, near Jaipur area of Upper Assam. However, the first commercially successful oil discovery in Assam was made at Digboi field in September 1889, with Well No. 1 completed in November 1890. The Assam Oil Company was established in 1899 to oversee production. The first refinery in Asia was started in 1901 at Digboi.

Hence, statement 3 is incorrect.

57. Consider the following statements:

- i. Brahmaputra makes a "U" turn in its course to flow into India due to syntaxial bending of geologically young Himalayas.
- ii. After joining Teesta river, Brahmaputra is known as Jamuna.
- iii. The length of the river Brahmaputra in India is 815.
- iv. Total number of districts on the bank of Brahmaputra river is 25.

Which of the statement/ statements given above is/are correct?

- a) i and ii
- b) i only
- c) ii only
- d) i and iv

Answer-a.

Explanation:-

The total length of the Brahmaputra River in India is approximately 916 km.

There are 14 districts in Assam that are located on the banks of the Brahmaputra River.

58. Gondwana series is very rich in which of the following minerals?

- a) Coal
- b) Uranium
- c) Mica
- d) Gold

Answer:-a.

59. Which among the following national park is not present in Madhya Pradesh?

- a) Madhav NP.
- b) Satpura NP
- c) Pench NP
- d) Valmiki NP

Answer:-d.

Explanation:-

Valmiki national park is in Bihar.

Other three are in Madhya Pradesh with Madhav NP in Shivpuri district, Satpura NP in Hoshangabad district and Pench in Seoni and Chindwara district.

60. The two volcanic islands in the Indian territory are:

- a) Kavaratti and New Moor
- b) Bitra and Kavaratti
- c) Pamban and Barren
- d) Narcondam and Barren

Answer:-d.

61. What is the name of the highest summit of Nilgiri Hills?

- a) Coonoor-betta
- b) Anaimudi
- c) Doda-betta
- d) Vellangiri

Answer:-c.

Explanation:-

The highest summit in the Nilgiri Hills is Doddabetta, which is situated at an elevation of 2,637 meters (8,652 feet) in the state of Tamil Nadu, India.

62. Which of the following is the chief characteristic of 'mixed farming'?

- a) Cultivation of both cash crops and food crops
- b) Cultivation of two or more crops in the same field
- c) Rearing of animals and cultivation of crops together
- d) None of the above

Answer:-c.

63. Consider the following statements:

- i. Assam shares longest boundary with Meghalaya.
- ii. Assam has its international boundaries with Bhutan , Nepal and Bangladesh.
- iii. Baksa district of Assam was created from the parts of Barpeta, Nalbari and Kamrup.
- iv. In the year 2005, Kamrup Metropolitan district was created by bifurcating the old Kamrup district.

Select the correct code:

- a) i and ii
- b) i,ii and iii

- c) iii and iv
- d) i and iii

Answer:-d.

Explanation:-

Assam's seven districts shares international borders with Bhutan and Bangladesh. Kamrup Metro district was created by bifurcating the old Kamrup district on February 3, 2003. Hence, statements 2 and 4 are incorrect.

64. Consider the following statements:

- i. Biodiversity hotspots are located only in tropical regions.
- ii. India has four biodiversity hotspots i.e., Eastern Himalayas, Western Himalayas, Western Ghats and Andaman and Nicobar Islands.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- a) i only
- b) ii only
- c) Both i and ii
- d) Neither i nor ii

Answer:-d.

Explanation:-

India home to four biodiversity hotspots, Himalayas, Western Ghats, Indo-Burma region and the sundaland.

65. LEED Rating system is related to what?

- a) Construction of green buildings
- b) Vertical gardens
- c) Renewable energy based gadgets



d) Forest cover in a city

Answer:-a.

Explanation:-

The LEED (Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design) rating system is a green building certification program used worldwide. It was developed by the non-profit U.S. Green Building Council (USGBC) and provides a comprehensive framework for green building design, construction, operations, and performance.

66. With reference to the Economic exploitation of British, consider the following statements

- i. The drain theory was put forward by Romesh Chandra Dutt.
- ii. The major components of drain were salaries and pensions of civil and military officials, interests on loans taken by the Indian Government from abroad.
- iii. The drain of wealth checked and retarded capital formation in India.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- a) i and ii only
- b) ii and iii only
- c) iii only
- d) i, ii and iii

Answer:-b.

Explanation:-

Dadabhai Naoroji, in his book "Poverty and Un-British Rule in India," provided a detailed explanation of how the British government's policies led to the economic exploitation of India, supporting the Drain Theory.

67. Consider the following statements regarding Savitribai Phule:

- i. Phule along with her husband started one of the first Indian girls' school in Poona.
- ii. She set up a home, Balhatya Pratibandhak Griha, to prevent the killing of widows.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- a) i only
- b) ii only
- c) Both i and ii
- d) Neither i nor ii

Answer-c.

68. Agatti Island, recently seen in news, is located in:

- a) Andaman and Nicobar group of Islands
- b) Lakshadweep
- c) Gulf of Khambhat
- d) Gulf of Mannar

Answer:-b.

69. Which of the following personalities was/were the critics of economic policies of British?

- i. Dadabhai Naoroji
- ii. Prabhat Kumar Roy
- iii. G. Subramaniya Iyer

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- a) ii only
- b) i and iii only
- c) iii only
- d) i, ii and iii

Answer:-b.

Explanation:-

Several critics of the economic policies of the British in India have been identified. Some of the prominent critics include: Dadabhai Naoroji, R.C. Dutt, G. Subramania Iyer, M.G. Ranade.

70. Consider the following statements regarding Ramabai Ranade:

- i. She started 'Hindu Ladies Social and Literary Club' in Bombay.
- ii. She was one of the founding members of Seva Sadan.
- iii. She wrote 'Stree Purush Tulana' (or Comparison of Men and Women).

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- a) i and ii only
- b) ii and iii only
- c) i and iii only
- d) i, ii and iii

Answer:-a.

71. Consider the following statements regarding Deccan Riots:

- i. The ryots of Deccan region of western India suffered heavy taxation under the Ryotwari system.
- ii. As a conciliatory measure with ryots, the Deccan Agriculturists Relief Act was passed in 1879.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- a) i only
- b) ii only
- c) Both i and ii
- d) Neither i nor ii

Answer:-c.

Explanation:-

- Deccan Riots (1875):  
The Deccan peasants uprising was directed mainly against the excesses of the Marwari and Gujarati money lenders. The ryots suffered heavy taxation under the Ryotwari system. The land revenue was also raised by 50% in 1867.
- Social Boycott: In 1874, the ryots organised a social boycott movement against the moneylenders. They refused to buy from the moneylenders' shops and cultivate their fields. The barbers, washermen, and shoemakers refused to serve them.

72. The battle of Hooghly (1759), dealt a crushing blow to the ambitions of

- a) Danes
- b) Portuguese
- c) Dutch
- d) French

Answer:-c

73. Consider the following statements regarding the Carnatic Wars

- i. The First Carnatic War was an extension of the Anglo-French War in Europe which was caused by the Austrian War of Succession.
- ii. The Second Carnatic War was an extension of the Anglo-French War in Europe which was caused by the Seven Years War (1756-63).
- iii. Third Carnatic War was due to rivalry in India for power, political influence and expansion of territories.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- a) i only
- b) i and iii only
- c) ii and iii only
- d) i, ii and iii

Answer:-a.

Explanation:-

The major battles of the Carnatic Wars include:

- First Carnatic War (1746-1748)
- Battle of St. Thome: Fought between the French forces and the forces of Anwar-ud-din, the Nawab of Carnatic, and the English appealed for help
- Siege of Madras (1746): A key event in the First Carnatic War
- Second Carnatic War (1749-1754)
- Battle of Ambur (1749): The war began with this battle
- Battle of Devicotta: A British victory
- Third Carnatic War (1756-1763)
- Battle of Wandiwash (1760): The French were defeated, a significant event in the war
- Siege of Pondicherry (1760-1761): The British captured Pondicherry, leading to the end of the war.
- These battles were part of the larger struggle between the British and the French for control of the Carnatic region and had far-reaching implications for the balance of power in India.

74. Consider the following events

- i. Eka Movement
- ii. Bardoli Satyagraha
- iii. Tebhaga Movement

Which of the following is the correct chronological sequence of the above events?

- a) ii-iii-i
- b) i-ii-iii
- c) i-iii-ii
- d) ii-i-iii

Answer:-b.

Explanation:-

Eka Movement (1921): Started in the Awadh region, initially by Congress and the Khilafat movement leaders.

Tebhaga Movement (1946-1947): Initiated in Bengal by the All India Kisan Sabha, a peasant front of the Communist Party of India

The Bardoli Satyagraha movement began on June 12, 1928, and was eventually led by Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel.

75. Which of the following is/are can be considered as causes of the Sepoy Revolt 1857:

- i. The annexation of Jhansi by Dalhousie employing the Doctrine of Lapse.
- ii. Oppressive land revenue system.
- iii. Spread of the news that the fat of cows and pigs was used in the greased cartridges.

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- a) i and ii only
- b) ii and iii only
- c) i and iii only
- d) i, ii and iii

Answer: -d.

76. Consider the following statements regarding Indian National Congress:

- i. The first session of Indian National Congress was held at Bombay in 1885.
- ii. Dadabhai Naoroji was its first president.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- a) i only
- b) ii only
- c) Both i and ii
- d) Neither i nor ii

Answer:-a.

Explanation:-

WC Banerjee became the president of the first session of Indian National Congress held at Bombay in 1885.

77. Which of the following were the major decisions/outcomes of Lahore Session, 1929?

- i. Boycotting the first Round Table Conference
- ii. Congress Working Committee was authorized to launch a programme of civil disobedience including non-payment of taxes.
- iii. Congress directed its members to resign from legislative councils

Select the correct answer using the code given below

- a) i and iii only
- b) i and ii only
- c) ii and iii only
- d) i, ii and iii

Answer:-d.

78. Consider the following statements regarding Bal Gangadhar Tilak:

- i. Bal Gangadhar Tilak was popularly known as 'Lokamanya'.
- ii. He declared "Swaraj is my birth-right and I will have it."
- iii. He founded the Indian Home Rule League in the US in 1916.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- a) i and ii only
- b) i and iii only
- c) ii and iii only
- d) i, ii and iii

Answer:-a.

Explanation:-

The Indian Home Rule League was established in two phases, first by Bal Gangadhar Tilak in April 1916 and then by Annie Besant in September 1916 in India.

79. Which city is the host of Transnational Grid Interconnections for One Sun, One World, One Grid (OSOWOG) Conference?

- a) New Delhi
- b) Moscow
- c) Paris
- d) Amsterdam

Answer:-a.

Explanation:-

OSOWOG or the Green Grid:

The vision behind the OSOWOG is 'The Sun Never Sets' and is a constant at some geographical location, globally, at any given point of time. This is by far one of the most ambitious schemes undertaken by any country (India) and is of global significance in terms of sharing economic benefits. It has been taken up under the technical assistance program of the World Bank. The OSOWOG plan may also leverage the International Solar Alliance (ISA), co-founded by India that has 80 countries as members.

80. Elephant Conservation Network (ECN) has been recently formed in which state/UT?

- a) Assam
- b) Madhya Pradesh
- c) Kerala
- d) Karnataka

Answer:-a.



Explanation:-

The Elephant Conservation Network (ECN) has been formed in Assam, India, to help mitigate human-elephant conflict (HEC) in the state, which is home to the world's second-largest Asian elephant population. The ECN is a network of local communities formed by Aaranyak, an organization actively working to mitigate HEC for the benefit of human well-being and elephant conservation.

81. Consider the following statements about 'Pradhan Mantri Bhartiya Janaushadhi Pariyojana'.

- i. Objective: To make available quality medicines, consumables and surgical items at affordable prices for all and reduce out of pocket expenditure of consumers/patients.
- ii. Parent ministry is Ministry of Chemicals and Fertilisers.

Select the correct codes.

- a) i only
- b) ii only
- c) Both i and ii
- d) None of them.

Answer:-c.

82. Gurudongmar Lake, which was seen in the news, is located in which state/UT?

- a) Sikkim
- b) Assam
- c) West Bengal
- d) Maharashtra

Answer:-a.

83. 'Dhara: An Ode to Indian Knowledge Systems' is an initiative of which Union Ministry?

- a) Ministry of Culture
- b) Ministry of External Affairs
- c) Ministry of Education
- d) Ministry of Health and Family Welfare

Answer:-a.

Explanation:-

The "Dhara: An Ode to Indian Knowledge Systems" initiative is a program launched by the Ministry of Culture under the Azadi Ka Amrit Mahotsav to promote and revive various domains of Indian knowledge systems. The initiative aims to create public awareness, encourage stakeholder participation, and devise a framework for the promotion and revival of multiple domains of Indian knowledge systems.

84. FRINJEX-23 is the first-ever joint military exercise between India and which country?

- a) Israel
- b) France
- c) Ukraine
- d) Nepal

Answer:-b.

Explanation:-

FRINJEX-23 was the first-ever joint military exercise between the Indian Army and the French Army. It took place at the Pangode Military Station in Thiruvananthapuram, Kerala, India, on March 7 and 8, 2023.

85. The Prevention of Money Laundering Act was recently expanded to include which products?

- a) Virtual digital assets
- b) Real Estate
- c) Jewellery
- d) Electronics

Answer:-a.

Explanation:-

The scope of the Prevention of Money Laundering Act (PMLA) was expanded to include virtual digital assets (VDAs). The Central Government, through notification S.O. 2135(E) dated May 9, 2023, introduced significant amendments to Section 2(1)(sa) of the PMLA, which included VDAs as a new category of reporting entities.

86. What is the correct sequence of gases found in the atmosphere on the basis of the percentage in descending order?

- a) Nitrogen > oxygen > helium > carbon dioxide
- b) Nitrogen > oxygen > carbon dioxide > argon
- c) Nitrogen > oxygen > argon > carbon dioxide
- d) Nitrogen > oxygen > methane > carbon dioxide

Answer:-c.

87. Which of the following statements is not correct?

- a) In Lok Sabha, a no-confidence motion has to set out the grounds on which it is based.
- b) In the case of a no-confidence motion in Lok Sabha, no conditions of admissibility have been laid down in the rules.
- c) A motion of no-confidence once admitted has to be taken up within ten days of leave being granted.
- d) Rajya Sabha is not empowered to entertain a motion of no confidence.

Answer:- a.

Explanation:- 'No-confidence motion' need not state the reason for it being adopted in the Lok Sabha.

88. Consider the following statements:

- i. The Rajya Sabha alone has the power to declare that it would be in national interest for the parliament to legislate with respect to a matter in the state list.
- ii. Resolutions approving the proclamation of emergency are passed only by the Lok Sabha.

Which of the statements given is/are correct?

- a) i only
- b) ii only
- c) Both i and ii
- d) Neither i nor ii

Answer:-a.

Explanation:- The Rajya Sabha alone has the power to declare that it would be in national interest for the parliament to legislate with respect to a matter in the state list.

89. Which one of the following Bills must be passed by each House of the Indian parliament separately, by special majority.

- a) ordinary Bill
- b) Money Bill
- c) Finance Bill
- d) Constitution Amendment Bill

Answer:-d.

Explanation:- The Constitutional amendment bill must be passed by each house of the Indian Parliament separately by special majority

90. Consider the following statements regarding 'No confidence motion'.

- i. Only a motion expressing want of confidence in the council of ministers as a whole is admitted and one expressing lack of confidence in an individual minister is out of order
- ii. A no confidence motion needs to set out grounds on which it is based.
- iii. Any no confidence motion once moved can't be withdrawn
- iv. Rajya Sabha is not empowered to entertain a motion of no confidence

Which of the following given above are not correct?

- a) i and ii only
- b) i, ii, and iii only
- c) ii and iii only
- d) i, ii, iii and iv

Answer:-d.

Explanation:- A no-confidence motion does not need to set out grounds on which it is based. The withdrawal of the notice by a member may be made when he is called upon by the speaker to ask for leave of the House.

91. When the House of people clearly and conclusively determines that the government does not command its support, the government has to resign. By which of the ways, parliamentary confidence in the government may be expressed by the House of People?

- i. Defeating the government on a major issue of policy.
- ii. Passing an adjournment motion
- iii. Defeating the government on finance issues
- iv. Passing a motion of no confidence in the council of ministers.

Select the correct codes.

- a) i and iii only
- b) ii, iii and iv only

- c) ii and iii only
- d) i, ii, iii and iv

Answer:-d

Explanation:-

Parliamentary confidence in the government may be expressed by the House of People by all the statements given. So the all statements are correct.

92. Which of the following statements are correct about Indian Government?

- i. Rajya Sabha represents the local interests of the States.
- ii. A member of Rajya Sabha must be a resident of the State from which he is elected.
- iii. Number of seats allotted to a State has to be proportionate to its population.
- iv. The term of a member of Rajya Sabha is same as that of Senator in the US.

Codes:

- a) ii, iii and iv
- b) i, ii and iii
- c) i, iii and iv
- d) i and ii

Answer:-c.

93. With reference to WHO Traditional Medicine Global Summit, consider the following statements:

- i. The first WHO Traditional Medicine Global Summit was held in Bali, Indonesia.

- ii. The summit aimed to unite traditional medicine practitioners, policymakers, academics, and others to share best practices, evidence, and innovation in how traditional medicine contributes to health and sustainable development.

Select the correct statements using the codes given below:

- a) i only
- b) ii only
- c) Both i and ii
- d) Neither i nor ii

Answer: b

Explanation –

Statement 1 is incorrect. The first WHO Traditional Medicine Global Summit was held in Gandhinagar, Gujarat.

Statement 2 is correct. The summit aimed to unite traditional medicine practitioners, policymakers, academics, and others to share best practices, evidence, and innovation in how traditional medicine contributes to health and sustainable development.

94. With reference to Pradhan Mantri Dakshata Aur Kushalata Sampanna Hitgrahi (PMDAKSH) Yojana, consider the following statements:

- i. Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment (MoSJ&E) is the nodal ministry for implementing the scheme.
- ii. Scheduled Castes have specific income limit criteria that must be met to avail the benefits of the scheme.
- iii. The scheme aims to enhance competency level of the target groups to make them employable both in self-employment and wage-employment for their socio-economic development.

Which of the statements given above are correct?

- a) i and ii only
- b) ii and iii only
- c) i and iii only
- d) i, ii and iii

Answer: c

Explanation –

Statements 1 and 3 are correct. Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment (MoSJ&E) is the nodal ministry for implementing the scheme. The scheme aims to enhance competency level of the target groups to make them employable both in self-employment and wage-employment for their socio-economic development.

Statement 2 is incorrect. There is no income limit for SCs, SafaiKaramcharis including waste picker and DNT.

95. With reference to the G20, consider the following statements:

- i. Sherpa Track of G20 is the unofficial track of G20.
- ii. The Finance Track of G20 is headed by the finance ministers and central bank governors.

Select the correct statements using the codes given below:

- a) i only
- b) ii only
- c) Both i and ii
- d) Neither i nor ii

Answer: b

Explanation –

Statement 1 is incorrect. The G20 works in three major tracks — two of them are official and one is unofficial. The official tracks are the Finance Track and the Sherpa



Track. The unofficial track includes engagement groups or civil society groups (like Women20, Youth20, etc.

96. Consider the following statements with reference to declarations adopted by BRICS:

- i. The Johannesburg II Declaration restated BRICS' dedication to multilateralism and urged increased action on global issues like climate change, poverty, and inequality.
- ii. The Goa Declaration centered on the COVID-19 pandemic response, vaccine development, economic recovery, and strengthening BRICS collaboration.

Select the correct statements using the codes given below:

- a) i only
- b) ii only
- c) Both i and ii
- d) Neither i nor ii

Answer: a

Explanation –

Statement 1 is correct. The Johannesburg II Declaration restated BRICS' dedication to multilateralism and urged increased action on global issues like climate change, poverty, and inequality.

Statement 2 is incorrect. The Goa Declaration focused on security cooperation, and called for the BRICS countries to work together to combat terrorism, cybercrime, and other threats to international security.

97. Consider the following statements:

- i. The launch vehicle used for Chandrayaan-3 was Launch Vehicle Mark-III (LVM-3).
- ii. The weight of the payload of Chandrayaan-3 was kept less than Chandrayaan-2.
- iii. Chandrayaan-3 has been successful in measuring the soil temperature of the moon.

Which of the statements given above are correct?

- a) i and ii only
- b) ii and iii only
- c) i and iii only
- d) i, ii and iii

Answer: C

Explanation –

Statements 1 and 3 are correct. The launch vehicle used for Chandrayaan-3 was Launch Vehicle Mark-III (LVM-3). Chandrayaan-3 has measured the soil temperature of the moon. The temperature ranges from minus 10 degree celsius to around 70 degree-celsius. Statement 2 is incorrect. The weight of the payload of Chandrayaan-3 has been kept more than Chandrayaan-2 with the Lander having most of the extra weight for successful landing.

98. Consider the following statements with reference to the controversy over India and Bharat:

- i. The name "Bharat" has its roots in the Vedic period, and is mentioned in the Rigveda.
- ii. The name "Bharat" was used by the Maurya Empire.
- iii. Hiuen Tsang had referred to the country as Bharat.
- iv. Marco Polo was the first Greek to use the word "India".

How many of the above statements are correct?

- a) Only one
- b) Only two
- c) Only three
- d) All four

Answer: c

Explanation –

Statement 1,2 and 3 are correct. The name "Bharat" has its roots in the Vedic period, and is mentioned in the Rigveda, one of the oldest scriptures of Hinduism. The Rigveda refers to the land of Bharatvarsha, which is believed to be the ancient name of India. The name "Bharat" was used by the Maurya Empire, Gupta Empire. Hiuen Tsang had also referred to the country as Bharat. Statement 4 is incorrect. Megasthenes was the first Greek to use the word India as Indica

99. With reference to the ASEAN-India summit, consider the following statements:

- i. The primary objective of the summit is to enhance cooperation and strengthen relations between ASEAN and India in various fields, including politics, economics, security, culture, and people-to-people ties.
- ii. The first ASEAN-India summit was held in Singapore.
- iii. The recent ASEAN-India summit included discussions about reducing reliance on the US dollar.

How many of the above statements are correct?

- a) Only one
- b) Only two
- c) All three
- d) None

Answer: a

Explanation –

Statement 1 is correct. The primary objective of the summit is to enhance cooperation and strengthen relations between ASEAN and India in various fields, including politics, economics, security, culture, and people-to-people ties.

Statements 2 and 3 are incorrect. The ASEAN-India summit was started in 2002 in Cambodia. In the recent meeting, the Prime Minister of India presented a 12-point proposal for strengthening India – ASEAN cooperation covering connectivity, digital transformation, trade and economic engagement, addressing contemporary challenges, people-to-people contacts and deepening strategic engagement. De-dollarization was not part of the proposal.

100. With reference to Assam Rifles, consider the following statements:

- i. It is primarily responsible for guarding India's land borders with Pakistan and Bangladesh.
- ii. It is India's oldest paramilitary force.
- iii. The administrative control of the force is with the Ministry of Home Affairs (MHA) but its operational control is with the Indian Army, which is under the Ministry of Defence (MoD).
- iv. It was involved in the Sino-Indian war of 1962.

Which of the statements given above are correct?

- a) i, ii and iii only
- b) ii and iv only
- c) i, iii and iv only
- d) ii, iii and iv only

Answer: b

Explanation –

Statements 1 is incorrect. Assam Rifles are tasked with maintaining law and order in the Northeast along with the Indian Army. It also guards the Indo-Myanmar border. It has dual role. Statements 2, 3 and 4 are correct. It is India's oldest paramilitary force. It was formed in 1835 as a militia called the 'Cachar Levy' to primarily protect British Tea estates and their settlements against tribal raids. The administrative control of the force is with the Ministry of Home Affairs (MHA) but its operational control is with the Indian Army, which is under the Ministry of Defence (MoD). Assam Rifles has gone on to fight in two World Wars, the Sino-Indian war of 1962.

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